

\* QCM 1, C

$$p(\text{Blanc}) = p(\text{Blanc} \cap \text{unicolore}) + p(\text{Blanc} \cap \text{pie})$$

$$= p(\text{Blanc} \cap \text{unicolore}) + p(\text{pie})$$

$$0,65 = x + 0,20$$

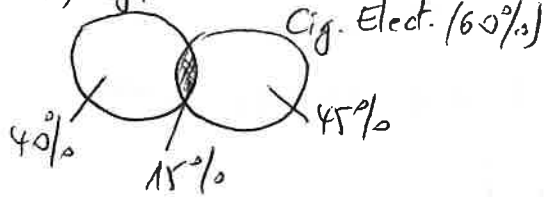
$$x = 0,65 - 0,20 = 0,45$$

\* QCM 2, E

$$p(\text{unicolore}) = 1 - p(\text{pie}) = 1 - 0,20 = 0,80$$

\* QCM 3, C

(55%) Cigarettes



\* QCM 4, D

$$p(\text{Cig.} \cup \text{Cig. Elect.}) = \begin{cases} p(\text{Cig.}) + p(\text{Cig. Elect.}) \\ - p(\text{Cig.} \cap \text{Cig. Elect.}) \end{cases}$$

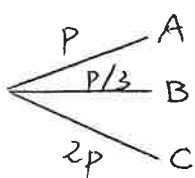
$$= 0,40 + 0,45 - 0,15 = 0,70$$

\* QCM 5, D

$$C_{70}^3 = \frac{70!}{3!(70-3)!} = \frac{70!}{3!67!} = \frac{1}{3!} \cdot \frac{70!}{67!}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3!} \cdot 68 \cdot 69 \cdot 70 = 54740$$

\* QCM 6, C E



$$p + \frac{p}{3} + 2p = 1$$

$$10 \frac{p}{3} = 1 \Leftrightarrow p = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$p(A) = 0,3$$

$$p(B) = 0,1$$

$$p(C) = 0,6$$

\* QCM 7, A

$$p(A/B) = \frac{p(A \cap B)}{p(B)}$$

$$p(B/A) = \frac{p(B \cap A)}{p(A)}$$

$$p(A \cap B) = p(A/B) \cdot p(B) = p(B \cap A) = p(B/A) \cdot p(A)$$

$$p(A/B) = \frac{p(A \cap B)}{p(A)} \cdot \frac{p(A)}{p(B)}$$

\* QCM 8, AD

$$p(\bar{A}) = 1 - p(A)$$

\* QCM 9, ADE

\* QCM 10, ABE

\* QCM 11, AC

$$p(C_B(A)) = p(A \cup B) - p(A)$$

\* QCM 12, AE

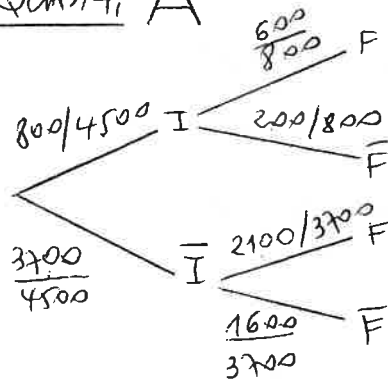
\* QCM 13, D

$$x \sim B(N, p) = B(2, 0,01)$$

$$p(x=k) = C_2^k \cdot 0,01^k \cdot 0,99^{2-k}$$

$$p(x \geq 1) = 1 - p(x=0) = 1 - 0,99^2 = 0,02$$

\* QCM 14, A



$$p(I/F) = \frac{p(I) \cdot p(F/I)}{p(F)}$$

$$= \frac{p(I) \cdot p(F/I)}{p(I) \cdot p(F/I) + p(\bar{I}) \cdot p(F/\bar{I})}$$

\* QCM15, A

$$P(I/F) = \frac{P(I) \cdot P(F/I)}{P(I) \cdot P(F/I) + P(\bar{I}) \cdot P(F/\bar{I})}$$

\* QCM16, B

$$x \sim B(4, 1/2)$$

$$P(x=k) = C_4^k \cdot 0,5^k \cdot 0,5^{4-k}$$

$$P(x=3) = C_4^3 \cdot 0,5^3 \cdot 0,5^1 = 0,25$$

\* QCM17, C

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

\* QCM18, A

$$x \sim P(\lambda=1)$$

$$P(x=k) = e^{-\lambda} \cdot \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = \frac{e^{-1}}{k!}$$

$$P((x_1=0) \cap (x_2=0) \cap (x_3=0)) = P(x=0)^3 = (e^{-1})^3 = e^{-3}$$

\* QCM19, C

$$x \sim B(20, 0,03)$$

$$P(x=k) = C_{20}^k \cdot 0,03^k \cdot 0,97^{20-k}$$

$$P(x \geq 1) = 1 - P(x=0) = 1 - 0,97^{20}$$

\* QCM20, A

$$x \sim B(5, 0,03)$$

$$P(x=k) = C_5^k \cdot 0,03^k \cdot 0,97^{5-k}$$

$$P(x \leq 2) = P(x=0) + P(x=1) + P(x=2) \approx 1$$

\* QCM21, AC

$$x \sim P(\lambda) = P(3)$$

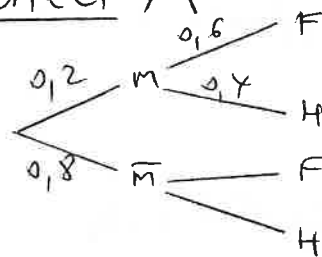
$$P(x=k) = e^{-\lambda} \cdot \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = e^{-3} \cdot \frac{3^k}{k!}$$

$$P(x=0) = 0,05 \quad P(x=2) = 0,225$$

$$P(x=1) = 0,15 \quad P(x=3) = 0,225$$

$$P(x \geq 4) = 1 - [P(x=0) + P(x=1) + \dots + P(x=3)] = 0,35$$

\* QCM22, A



$$P(H \cap m) = P(m) \cdot P(H/m) = 0,08$$

\* QCM23, E

	F	H	Tot.
m	0,12	0,08	0,20
m-bar	0,40	0,40	0,80
Tot.	0,52	0,48	1

$$P(\bar{m}/F) = \frac{P(\bar{m} \cap F)}{P(F)} = 0,77$$

\* QCM24, D

$$x \sim B(3, 0,80)$$

$$P(x=k) = C_3^k \cdot 0,8^k \cdot 0,2^{3-k}$$

$$P(x \geq 2) = 1 - (P(x=0) + P(x=1)) = 0,896$$

\* QCM25, AB

$$S_e = P(T^+/m) \quad S_f = P(T^-/\bar{m})$$

\* QCM26, ABCD

$$VPP \approx \frac{VP}{VP + FP}$$

$$VPN \approx \frac{VN}{VN + FN}$$

\* QCM 27, B

	$T_1 (m)$	$T_2 (\bar{m})$
$T^+$	MT1 <sup>VP</sup>	NMT1 <sup>FP</sup>
$T^-$	MT2 <sup>FN</sup>	NMT2 <sup>VN</sup>

$$S_p = \frac{VN}{VN + FP}$$

\* QCM 28, C

$$S_e = \frac{VP}{VP + FN}$$

\* QCM 29, D

$$m: 40 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 36 T^+ \\ 4 T^- \end{array} \right. \quad S_e = \frac{36}{40}$$

\* QCM 30, D

$$\bar{m}: 40 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 T^+ \\ 38 T^- \end{array} \right. \quad S_p = \frac{38}{40}$$

\* QCM 31, A

$$VPP = \frac{S_e \cdot p}{S_e \cdot p + (1-p)(1-S_p)}$$

\* QCM 32, B

$$VPN = \frac{S_p \cdot (1-p)}{S_p \cdot (1-p) + p(1-S_e)}$$

\* QCM 33, E

$$VPP = \frac{S_e \cdot p}{p(T^+)} \Leftrightarrow S_e \cdot p = VPP \cdot p(T^+)$$

$$VPN = \frac{(1-p)S_p}{p(T^-)} = 1 \Leftrightarrow (1-p)S_p = p(T^-)$$

$$S_e \cdot p = VPP \cdot (1 - p(T^-)) = VPP \cdot (1 - (1-p)S_p)$$

$$S_e \cdot p = VPP - VPP \cdot S_p + VPP \cdot p \cdot S_p$$

$$p \cdot (S_e - VPP \cdot S_p) = VPP \cdot (1 - S_p)$$

$$p = \frac{VPP \cdot (1 - S_p)}{S_e - VPP \cdot S_p} = 0,01$$

\* QCM 34, CDE

On a 2 groupes  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} T^+ \\ T^- \end{array} \right.$

VPP et VPN estimés par:

$$VP = \frac{VP}{VP + FP} = \frac{140}{200}$$

$$VPN = \frac{VN}{VN + FN} = \frac{172}{200}$$

\* QCM 35, C

$$VPP = \frac{S_e \cdot p}{S_e \cdot p + (1-p)(1-S_p)}$$

$$0,70 = \frac{0,90 \cdot p}{0,90 \cdot p + 0,10(1-p)}$$

$$0,7 \cdot (0,9 \cdot p + 0,1 \cdot (1-p)) = 0,9 \cdot p$$

$$0,34 \cdot p = 0,07 \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p = \frac{0,07}{0,34} \\ p = 0,206 \end{array} \right.$$

Risque d'erreur,  $(T^+ \cap \bar{m}) \cup (T^- \cap m)$

$$p(T^+ \cap \bar{m}) + p(T^- \cap m) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p(\bar{m}) \cdot p(T^+/\bar{m}) \\ + p(m) \cdot p(T^-/m) \end{array} \right.$$

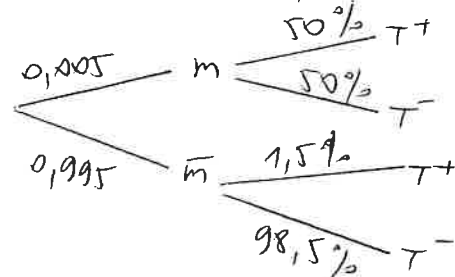
$$= (1-p)(1-S_p) + p(1-S)$$

$$= (1-S_e) = 0,10$$

$$(S_e = S_p)$$

\* QCM 36, D

$$VPP = p(m/T^+) = \frac{S_e \cdot p}{S_e \cdot p + (1-p)(1-S_p)}$$



\* QCM 37, A

$$p(M|T^+) = \frac{\text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}}{1 + \text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}} = \frac{3}{4}$$

\* QCM 38, C

$$\text{Odds}_{\text{pre-test}} = \frac{P}{1-P} = 0,111$$

$$\text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}} = \text{Odds}_{\text{pre-test}} \cdot RV^+ = 1,665$$

$$p(M|T^+) = \frac{\text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}}{1 + \text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}} = 0,621$$

\* QCM 39, A

$$RV^- = \frac{1 - Se}{Sp} = 0,054$$

\* QCM 40, D

$$RV^+ = \frac{Se}{1 - Sp} = 11,875$$

$$\text{Odds}_{\text{pre-test}} = \frac{P}{1-P} = 0,136$$

$$\text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}} = \text{Odds}_{\text{pre-test}} \cdot RV^+ = 1,615$$

$$p(M|T^+) = \frac{\text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}}{1 + \text{Odds}_{\text{post-test}}} = 0,62$$